Solomon Valley Ballads Eugene Jemison



TEN THOUSAND MILES AWAY . THE OCEAN BURIAL . CROSSING THE PLAINS . FAIR FLORILLA
THE BACHELOR'S COMPLAINT . GIRLS, QUIT YORE ROWDY WAYS . THE OLD ELM TREE
FP23 Folkways Records COME ALL YE MERRY HUNTERS . FAIR CHARLOTTE



USA NYC 46 St. 117 W. Copyright 1954 by Folkways Records and Service Corp., FP 23 FOLKWAYS RECORDS Album No.



Side I, Band 4: FAIR FLORILLA.

This ballad is rather widely known for the version heard on this record is a composite of many old and more recent versions. The song has made its way by oral tradition since no printed copy of the ballad is known to exist. Though the theme is thoroughly traditional the tragedy of the "Fair Florilla" is recounted here in language that gives it a romantic and sentimental setting characteristic of the nineteenth century.

Down by you weepin' willow Where flowers so sweetly bloom There sleeps the fair Florilla So silent in her tomb.

She died not broken hearted Nor sickness e'er befell, But in one moment parted From all she loved so well.

One night the moon shone brightly And gentle zephyrs blew, Unto her bed so lightly Her treacherous lover drew.

Come, love, come let us wander Upon you fields so gay And there we'll sit and ponder Unto our wedding day.

This field seems dark and dreary And I'm afraid to stay Of wanderin' I am weary Wilt thou retrace thy way.

Retrace thy way-- no, never Nor to give this world to know So bid farewell forever To parents, friends, and home. For in these fields I've got you And here you've got to die No power on earth can save you Nor from me can you fly.

Down on her knees before him She begged for her life When deep into her bosom He plunged that fateful knife.

Oh William I have loved you With fond and loving heart But William you've deceived me So now in death we part.

Oh William I'll forgive you Was her last dying breath Her pulses ceased their motion Her eyes were closed in death.

Down by you weepin' willow Where flowers so sweetly bloom There sleeps that fair Florilla So silent in her tomb.





Notes by Willard Rhodes

The Songs
Side I, Band I: TEN THOUSAND MILES AWAY.
This rollicking song with its nonsense refrain
has long been popular with American college
students in an absurd parody, "The Walloping
Window Blind." The song has been recorded in
New England and Texas as well as in the MidWest. It is localized in the present version by
its reference to the Missouri, thus furnishing
an additional example of the manner in which
folksongs travel and integrate themselves into
the life of the community.

Oh my true love she was handsome,
And my true love, she was young;
Her eyes were blue as the violet's hue,
And silvery was the sound of her tongue,
And silvery was the sound of her tongue,
my boys,

But while I sing this lay-ay-ay, She has taken a trip in a government ship, Ten thousand miles away.

Chorus: Then blow ye winds, heigh ho!

A-roving I will go;

I'll stay no more on England's shore,

But let the music play-ay-ay.

For I'm off on the morning train,

Across the raging main,

For I'm on my way to my own true-love,

The sun may shine through an eastern fog,
The Missouri run bright and clear,
The ocean's brine be turned to wine,
And I forget my beer,
And I forget my beer, my boys,
In the landlord's quarts lay-ay-ay
But I never will part from my own sweetheart.

Ten thousand miles away.

Ten thousand miles away.

Oh dark and dismal was the day,
When last I saw my Meg;
She'd a government band around each hand,
And another one round her leg,
And another one round her leg, my boys,
But while I sing this lay-ay-ay,
She's taken a trip in a government ship,
Ten thousand miles away.

Side I. Band 2: THE OCEAN BURIAL. Like most of the other folksongs sung in Kansas, "The Ocean Burial" was brought from back East. Though it eventually adapted itself to the environment of the western plains and became a cowboy song, "Oh, Bury Me Not In The Lone Prairie," it continued to live on in Kansas in its earlier form. The text of the song first appeared in the Southern Literary Messenger V, pp. 615-616, 1839, under the name of Rev. E. H. Chapin. The music was copyrighted in 1850 by George N. Allen and appeared in the Shilling Song Book, p. 126, published in Boston in 1860. The version sung here was widely known around Wichita, Kansas in the early days.

Oh, bury me not in the deep dark sea,
These words came faint and mournfully,
From the pallid lips of a youth who lay
On his cabin couch, where day by day
He had wasted and pined, until o'er his
brow,
The death sweats had slowly passed, and

The scenes of his fondly loved home was nigh.

And they gathered around him to see him die.

Oh bury me not in the deep dark sea,
Where the billows shroud shall roll o'er me,
Where no light can break through the dark,
cold wave,

Or the sun shine sweetly upon my grave!
Oh, it matters not, I have oft been told
Where the body is laid, when the heart
grows cold.

But grant ye, oh, grant ye this wish to me, Oh, bury me not in the deep dark sea!

And there is another, whose tears might be shed,

For him who lies low in the ocean's bed, In hours that it pains me to think on now, She has twined these locks, she has kissed this brow.

The hair she has wreathed will the sea snake hiss.

The heart she has pressed will the wild waves kiss,

Oh, bury me not in the deep, dark sea!

She has been in my dreams...And his voice failed there,

And they gave no heed to his dying prayer. But they lowered him slow o'er the vessel's side.

And above him closed the solemn tide.

Where to dip her wings, the sea gull rests,

Where the blue waves dash with their

foaming crests,

Where the billows do bound, with the winds sports free,

They buried him there in the deep, dark sea.

Side II, Band 3: COME ALL YE MERRY HUNTERS. This merry hunting song with its infectious, jingling rhythm and onomatopoeic refrain has long been a favorite of folk singers. "Bull Reynard" is a perversion of "Beau Renard", the fox of tradition. In other versions of the song he appears as "Balriginor" and "Bull Raider." Although the version sung here comes from the plains states, it differs but slightly from the New England texts.

Come all ye merry hunters who love to chase the fox,

Who love to chase Bull Reynard among the hills and rocks.

Chorus: Then a ho ho ho and hi lo, along the
merry stream
Tay tay tay and a ti ti ti, and sway
to the rocky bow wow wow,
With a yank fi fiddle and a bugle-horn
Through the fields we'll run brave
boys
Through the fields we'll run!

The first they saw was a teamster a-loadin' up his team,
He said he saw Bull Reynard go floating up the stream.

The next they saw was a blind man as blind as he could be
He said he saw Bull Reynard run up a hollow tree.

The next they saw was a hunter a-windin' up his horn,

He said he saw Bull Reynard a-runnin' through the corn.

The next they saw was a little boy a-walkin' down the road,

He said he saw Bull Reynard a-eatin' up a toad.

Side II, Band 2: THE OLD ELM TREE. During the closing decades of the nineteenth century social life in the rural areas of Kansas and Nebraska centered around the "Literary Society." Meeting regularly during the winter months in the sod school house, this institution provided intellectual, artistic and social entertainment for the immigrants who had recently taken up homesteads on the plains. A ten-mile ride by horse and buggy, sleigh or bob-sled was richly rewarded by the long and elaborate programs. Recitations, dialogues, readings and singing made up the first part of the program. After an intermission the meeting was called to order and a debate lasting several hours followed. "The Old Elm Tree" was a favorite that appeared frequently on the program, often sung by one or two young girls. The version sung here is similar to one found in the Barry collection at Harvard University. The text was recorded in Kansas.

There's a path by the lone deserted mill,
And a stream by the old bridge, broken still,
And the golden willow-bough, bending low
To the green sunny bank where the violets
grow:

And the wild birds are singing their same sweet lays

That charmed me in dreams of the dear old days,

When Laura, my beautiful, sat by me,
On the moss-grown bank 'neath the old elm
tree.

Chorus: Oh Laura, dear Laura, my own true love,
Shall we meet in the angels' home above?

Earth holds not a treasure so dear to me
As the moss-grown scene 'neath the old elm tree.

'Twas there, 'neath the bright blue sky above, I told her the tale of my heart's true love; And there, ere the blossoms of summer died, She had whispered the promise she'd be my bride:

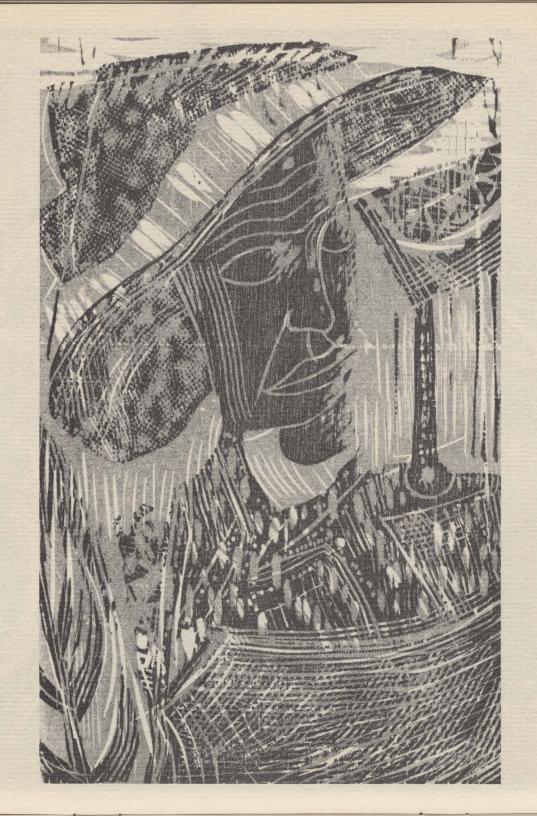
And there fell the tears of our parting sore
But ah - little did I dream we should meet
no more:

For ere I came from the dark blue sea,

They had made her a grave 'neath the old

elm tree.







Side I, Band 5: THE BACHELOR'S COM-PLAINT. Humorous folksongs in a lighter vein provided the pioneers many pleasurable hours of entertainment and relaxation from the rigors and hardships of life on the prairie. The "Bachelor's Complaint", one of a large group of songs dealing with the trails and troubles of the older unmarried man, fits into this category. During the homesteading period men far outnumbered the women, so girls were afforded an opportunity to pick and choose their husbands. Some men, like the one in this song, were left out or "given the mitten" as they said then.

Once I heard an old bachelor say, When his hair was turning gray, "I wonder what the matter can be That all the pretty girls so dislike me."

"I've tried the rich and I've tried the poor,
And many a time I've been kicked out the door,
I've tried silver, and I've tried gold,
And many a lie in my life I have told."

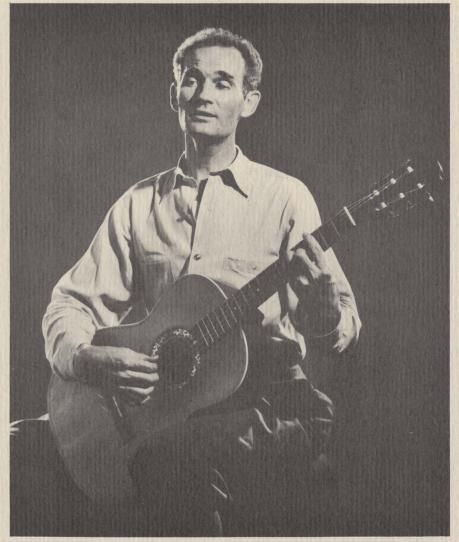
"Three good horses I rode them to death
I rode them as long as they had breath
Three good saddles rode bare to the tree
Trying to find the girl that would marry
me."

He wept and he mourned and he wailed and he cried,
And in this condition, this bachelor died,
And if he lies here, I fear he'll come to life,
And still be a-trying to get him a wife.

Come, all ye pretty fair maids, come gather around,
And put this old bachelor under the ground,
For if he lies here, I fear he'll come to life,
And still be a-trying to get him a wife.







Photograph by Gene Pyle

Original drawings and paintings are available from Mr. Eugene Jemison c/o The Kansas City Art Institute, 4415 Warwick Boulevard, Kansas City 2, Missouri.

About The Singer

Among the students in my course in Folk and Primitive Music, at Columbia University, Eugene Jemison attracted my attention with his performance of American folk songs. His unaffected, straight-forward presentation of songs appealed to me by virtue of his sincerity and directness. Here was no effort to imitate the mannerisms of an older generation of folk singers, nor had he been beguiled into cultivating the contemporary sophistications and refinements of the concert hall. Jemison recreates his songs from his own folk heritage. His mother's family were from the hills of Kentucky and his father's family brought their fiddles with them from Pennsylvania to the sod dug-out that became their home on the homestead land in Kansas. He has lived most of his life on a farm along the south fork of the Solomon River, planting, harvesting, singing and painting.

In his development as an artist, Jemison has distinguished himself as a painter of folk themes. Finding his inspiration in folk song and folk poetry, he has attempted to synthesize this cultural expression and translate it into visual forms. Jemison has had numerous exhibitions of his work and has contributed to various art galleries throughout the country. He is presently a member of the teaching staff of the Kansas City Art Institute.

to other hunting grounds from the bend of the river in the Solomon valley.

The song is sung to a familiar English air, but has none of the humor associated with it. Using the same tune over and over for different texts and various subjects was characteristic of much of the folk music of the Mid-West and West.

We formed a corral on the green grassy ground,

While our horses and mules were grazing around,

While taking refreshments we heard a loud yell,

'Twas a band of Kaw Indians just down in the dell.

We sprang to our rifles with a flash in each eye,
Called out our bold leader, "We'll fight till we die."
And of our little band there were only twenty-four,
And of the Kaw Indians two hundred or more.

They made a bold dash, came near our wagon train,

Till the arrows fell around us like hail and like rain.

But with our long rifles we fed them cold lead

Till many Kaw Indians around us lay dead.

his band,
He died like a warrior with his gun in his hand.
When they saw their bold chief lyin' dead in his gore
They whooped and they hollered and we saw them no more.

We killed their bold chief at the head of

We hooked up our horses, started on our wagon train,
We'd two more bloody battles while crossing the plain;
At the last of these battles two brave boys they fell,
And we laid them to rest in a green shady dell.

Side I, Band 3: CROSSING THE PLAINS.
Simple and straightforward in what might be called rhymed prose, this ballad reports one of the countless tragic incidents that accompanied the settling of the West. The violation of government treaties with Indian tribes by the land-hungry white settlers often gave rise to bloody encounters that stained the pages of history. The impingement of white civilization with its firearms, "fire-water," and disease wrought disaster and annihilation for many of the Plains tribes. Jemison recalls tales told him by his grandmother of Indians camping west of their sod house when she was a little girl, and how they moved on









Side II, Band 4: FAIR CHARLOTTE. The authorship of this traditional American ballad has been attributed by Phillips Barry, the distinguished scholar of folksong, to William Lorenzo Carter, who was born at Benson, Rutland County, Vermont, November 14, 1813. Based on an incident verified by a Vermonter "who knew that the story was as it is related " this ballad appears to have been in oral circulation since 1835. In the course of a century "Fair Charlotte" has been sung from Maine westward to the Dakotas. thence southward to Oklahoma, and has also been recorded in Nova Scotia. Its wide distribution "is due largely to the wanderings of the nomadic Carter himself, a modern representative of the old-time wandering minstrel." Unlike many so-called "vulgar" ballads whose circulation was facilitated by broadsides, "Fair Charlotte" never appeared in printed form. For the student interested in definition and origins it stands as significant evidence that folk song and folk ballad "can be accounted for on the basis of individual invention, with subsequent communal re- creation."

Fair Charlotte lived on the mountain side In a wild and lonely spot, No dwelling was for three miles 'round Except her father's cot.

On many a cold and wintry night Young swains were gathered there, For her father kept a social board And she was very fair.

Her father loved to see her dress Fine as a city belle, She was the only child he had And he loved his daughter well.

On New Year's eve, when the sun was set, She gazed with wistful eye, Out of the frosty window forth To see the sleighs go by.

She restless was and longing looked Till a well known voice she heard Came dashing up to her father's door, Young Charley's sleigh appeared.

Her gloves and bonnet being on, She jumped into the sleigh, And off they went down the mountain side, And over the hills away.

With muffled faces, silently, Five long cold miles were passed, When Charles, in a few and broken words, The silence broke at last,

"Oh such a night I never saw, My lines I scarce can hold." Fair Charlotte said, in a feeble voice, "I am exceeding cold." He cracked his whip and they onward sped

Much faster than before, Until five other dreary miles In silence they passed o'er.

"How fast" said Charles, "the frozen ice Is gathering on my brow." Said Charlotte in a weaker voice, "I'm growing warmer now."

Thus on they went through the frosty air,
And in the cold starlight,
Until the village and the bright ballroom,

They did appear in sight.

Charles drove to the door, and jumping out,

He held his hand to her,
"Why sit you there like a monument
That has no power to stir?"

He asked her once, he asked her twice, She answered never a word, He asked her for her hand again, But still she never stirred.

He took her hand into his own, Oh God! it was cold as stone! He tore the mantle from her brow, On her face the cold stars shone.

Then quickly to the lighted hall, Her lifeless form he bore, Fair Charlotte was a frozen corpse And her lips spake never more.

He threw himself down by her side, And the bitter tears did flow, And he said, "My own, my youthful bride I never more shall know."

He twined his arms around her neck,
He kissed her marble brow,
And his thoughts went back to where she
said.

"I am growing warmer now."

He bore her body to the sleigh And with it he drove home; And when he reached her father's door Oh, how her parents mourned!

They mourned the loss of a daughter dear, And Charles mourned o'er her doom Until at last his heart did break And they both lie in one tomb. Side II, Band 1: GIRLS, QUIT YOUR ROWDY WAYS. This is of the type known as a composite song. Here each verse appears more or less as an independent and separate entity, the unity of the song being dependent upon the constant repetition of the melody for each successive verse. The effect is one of a sustained mood rather than that of a narrative, so incongruities are seldom noticed by the singer or listener. Mr. Jemison says, "In the Mid-West these songs are known as fiddle tunes by the 'old-timers' and are used both for country dances and for singing."

Oh girls, quit your rowdy way, Oh girls, quit your rowdy way, Your rowdy ways will kill you dead, And lay you in your lonesome graves.

Oh honey, where you been so long?
Oh honey, where you been so long?
I've been in the wheat bin with the rough
and rowdy men
And I'm goin' back again 'fore long.

Oh honey, where you been so long?
Oh honey, where you been so long?
I've been across the river with the gay
young fellers,
And I'm goin' back again 'fore long.

Oh Sarah, let your hair hang down,
Oh Sarah, let your hair hang down,
Let your hair hang down and your curls
hang around,
Oh Sarah, let your hair hang down.

I don't like an Eastern man, I don't like an Eastern man, An Eastern man will kill you if he can, And drink down your blood like wine.

Oh Beulah, you don't like me, Oh Beulah, you don't like me, You don't like me like I like you Oh Beulah, you don't like me.

Oh Lucy, you can't love three Oh Lucy, you can't love three You can't love three and still love me, Oh Lucy, you can't love three.

Oh Maudie, you can't love four, Oh Maudie, you can't love four, You can't love four and love me any more, Oh Maude, you can't love four.

Oh girls, quit your rowdy ways
Oh girls, quit your rowdy ways
Your rowdy ways will kill you dead,
And lay you in your lonesome graves.



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Long Playing Non-Breakable Micro Groove 331/3 RPM

SOLOMON VALLEY BALLADS

Sung by Eugene Jemison with guitar

SIDE I

FP 23 Å

Band 1. Ten Thousand Miles Away

Band 2. The Ocean Burial

Band 3. Crossing The Plains

Band 4. Fair Florilla

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