Folkways Records, N. Y. FA 2319

# AMERICAN BALLADS sung Gy PETER & SEEGER and his & SEEGER five string Gaujo

The Lady of Castyle Gypsy Davy St. James Hospital Golden Vanity John Henry Jay Gould's Daughter The Titanic Disaster

Jesse James Pretty Polly The Devil's Curst Wife Lady Margaret John Hardy Barbara Allen The Three Butchers

Rosenhouse



FOLKWAYS RECORDS Album FA 2319 Copyright (c) 1957 by Folkways Records & Service Corp. 117 west 46th street NYC. USA.

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Everybody loves a story, and there is special and long-lasting magic in a story told in song, where the dramatic action is strengthened by the emotional impact of a molody. It is not a matter of accident that some of the ballads in this album have been enjoyed for hundreds of years, and are still going strong.

The purpose of the ballad is to carry the news -to tell the story of lovers or of battles, of heroic and tragic happenings. The story is tersely told, stripped of all but most significant details. But the telling is more than a factual account: here we have news colored by comment; the feeling of singer and audience is deeply involved. The story must ring true and the theme must be relevant to the experience of the audience. In the early years of America when ballad singing was a living art the old ballads brought over from Europe were creatively changed so they had meaning and importance for the pioneer generations. The old songs acquired the language and local color of the region in which they took root. Barbara Allen became a local girl, and the heartless lovers and false ladies became naturalized citizens of the new land.

There were important reasons why the ballad flourished in horse and buggy days. Do-it-yourself entertainment was a necessity in those days when communities were isolated and people had to exist on their own cultural resources. I have heard tell of the swapping of ballads in churchyards before meeting time, on election day or at barn raisings. And I was very privileged to know one of the ballad singers who survived from the age of homespun--George Edwards, the folk minstrel of the Catskills. He was a gnarled and weatherbeaten old man when I knew him, and he sang in a simple and unadorned style, without musical accompaniment. As he sang with closed eyes, slumped in his chair beside the old box stove, the old ballads came to life in an exciting and memorable experience.

There is no reason why the ballad cannot again come into its own as a vital art form. All the fundamental elements needed are still with us: the universal love of a good, rousing story, the great themes that have always been fit material for narrative ballads, and creative singers who can transform and interpret the old ballads so they have important meaning for us, and who can make new ballads for our times.

This album is an excellent contribution to a revived interest in the ballad. Here we have a range of choice, from the oldest ballads to comparatively recent ones, from "Barbara Allen" to "Jesse James". And no better choice of singer could have been found than Pete Seeger, America's foremost balladeer, who combines a sensitivity to traditional singing styles with a feeling for the ballad as a living, contemporary form.

Norman Studer

#### SIDE I, Band 1: PRETTY POLLY

So many heroines in these ballads are named Polly. I would say that the story probably originated with an actual event, and was only changed slightly from time to time as the song was revived by a similar event.

I courted pretty Polly the live-long night (2) And left her next morning before it was light.

"Pretty Polly, pretty Polly, go along with me Before we get married some pleasure to see."

He led her over hills and the valley so deep (2) Until pretty Polly she commenced to weep.

He led her a little farther and what did they spy (2)

But a new-dug grave with a spade lying by.

"O Willy, O Willy, I'm afraid of your way (2) I'm afraid you will lead my poor body astray."

"Pretty Polly, pretty Polly you guessed just about right (2) I dug on your grave biggest part of last night."

She throw'd her arms around him and trembled with fear (2) "How can you kill a girl that was to you so dear?"

He stabbed her to the heart, her heart's blood it did flow (2) Into the grave pretty Polly did go.

He throw'd a little dirt over her and started for home

Leaving nothing behind but the wild birds to moan.

SIDE I, Band 2: JOHNSON (The Three Butchers)

More complete versions of this song identify it as a Child Ballad known as 'The Three Butchers'.

Johnson he was riding along fast as he could ride,

When he thought he heard a woman, he heard a woman cry.

Johnson getting off his horse, searching the woods all around

When he came upon a woman with her hair pinned to the ground.

"Woman, dearest woman, who brought you here for to span, Who that brought you here this morning with your hair pinned to the ground?"

"It were three bold and struggling men with swords keen in hand, Who that brought me here this morning with my hair pinned to the ground." Well, Johnson being a man of his own, being a man and bold,

He taken off his overcoat to cover her from the cold.

Johnson getting on his horse, the woman getting on behind,

Then they rode down that lonesome highway their fortunes for to find.

They were riding all alone fast as they could ride,

When she threw her fingers to her lips and gave three shivering cries.

Out sprung three bold and struggling men with swords keen in hand

Who that commanded Johnson, commanded him to stand.

I will stop, then said Johnson, I will stop said he,

For I never was in all my life afraid of any three.

Johnson killing two of them, not watching the woman behind;

While he was at the other one, she stabbed him from behind.

The day was free and a market day, the people all passing by, Who that saw this awful murdering, saw poor Johnson die.

#### SIDE I, Band 3: JOHN HENRY

Research claims to have traced the origin of this ballad to the building of the Swannanoa tunnel through the West Virginia mountains during the 1870's, although many versions of the song are known, claiming the hero for other states and other industries. The steam drill, predecessor to the modern pneumatic jackhammer, was introduced around that time; an ungainly machine cradled in a tall tripod. The 'shaker' was the man who held the long steel drill, turning it slightly every stroke, to help it bite into the rock. When the hole reached the required depth, the drill was removed, a charge of dynamite inserted, and following the blast, more drilling would carry the tunnel deeper into the mountains.

The captain said to John Henry, "I'm gonna bring that steam drill around,

I'm gonna bring that steam drill out on the job, I'm gonna whup that steel on down. (lord, Lora!) (4)

John Henry told his captain, "Lord, a man ain't nothing but a man,

But before I'd let your steam drill beat me down, I'd die with a hammer in my hand!" (Lord, Lord) (4)

John Henry said to his shaker, shaker why don't you sing, and

Because I'm swinging thirty pounds from my hips on down;

Just listen to that cold steel ring. (Lord, Lord) (4)

Now the captain said to John Henry, "I believe that mountain's caving in." John Henry said right back to the captain,

"Ain't nothing but my hammer sucking wind." (Lord, Lord) (4)

Now the man that invented the steam drill, he thought he was mighty fine,

But John Henry drove fifteen feet, The steam drill only made nine. (Lord, Lord) (4)

John Henry hammered in the mountains, his hammer was striking fire, But he worked so hard it broke his pore heart And he laid down his hammer and he died. (Lord, Lord) (4)

Now John Henry had a little woman, her name was Polly Anne, John Henry took sick and had to go to bed Polly Anne drove steel like a man, (Lord, Lord) (4)

So every Monday morning when the blue birds begin to sing You can hear John Henry a mile or more; You can hear John Henry's hammer ring, (Lord, Lord) (4)

#### SIDE I, Band 4: JAY GOULD'S DAUGHTER

Folksongs usually run in families, and here is a first cousin of the better known Casey Jones. Verses about Jay Gould, the Wall Street railroad magnate, were common among hoboes: "I know Jay Gould, he's a good friend of mine, and that's why I'm riding on his railroad line" and so on. In this genre of Negro balladry the exact story was traditionally more vague, and any verse of good poetry, philosophic or sarcastic, could be inserted to deepen the general mood. The same principle holds in similar ballads, such as "Frankie and Johnny" or "The Boll Weevil".

On a Monday morning it begin to rain 'Round the curve come a passenger train; On the blinds was hobo John, He's a good old hobo but he's dead and gone. (repeat)

Jay Gould's daughter said before she died Pappa fix the blinds so the bums can't ride; If ride they must, they got to ride the rod, Let them put their trust in the hands of God. (repeat)

Jay Gould's daughter said before she died Two more trains I would like to ride; Jay Gould said daughter what can they be, There's the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fee. (repeat)

Jay Gould's daughter said before she died There's two more drinks I would like to try; Jay Gould said daughter what can they be, A glass of water and a cup of tea.

(repeat)

Charlie Snyder was a good engineer Told his fireman not to fear; Said pour on your water, boy, shovel on your coal, Stick your head out the window, see the drivers roal. (repeat)

#### SIDE I, Band 5: TITANIC DISASTER

For many children in summer camps today, this is more a comic song than the tragedy it was originally intended. But folksongs tend to change with their audience or get left behind. Negro balladsingers once had sardonic verse telling how the captain of the ship refused passage to the colored prizefighter, Jack Johnson.

It was on one Monday morning just about one o'clock When that great ship Titanic began to reel and rock. People began to scream and cry, saying Lord

am I going to die, It was sad when that great ship went down.

#### Chorus:

It was sad, it was sad, It was sad when that great ship went down, Husbands and wives, little children lost their lives,

It was sad when that great ship went down.

When that ship left England it was making for the shore

The rich refused to associate with the poor; So they put the poor below, they were the first to go, It was sad when that great ship went down.

#### Chorus:

While they were building they said what they would do We will build a ship that the water can't go thru; But God with power in hand showed the world it could not stand, It was sad when that great ship went down.

#### Chorus:

Those people on that ship were a long ways from home — With friends all around they didn't know that the time had come; Death came riding by, sixteen hundred had to die, It was sad when that great ship went down.

#### Chorus:

While Paul was sailing his men all around God told him that not a man should drown If you trust in me and obey, I will save you all today,

It was sad when that great ship went down.

You know, it must have been awful with those people on the sea They say that they were singing nearer my God to thee; While some were homeward bound, sixteen hundred had to drown It was sad when that great ship went down.

SIDE I, Band 6: LADY MARGARET (Fair Margaret and Sweet William) (Child #74)

This ballad was one of the first I ever learned, in 1935, from the country lawyer and old-time banjo picker of Ashville, North Carolina, Bascom Lunsford. My thanks to him. It is a medieval vignette, and the last verses describing the conversation between Lady Margaret's ghost and her false lover are as close as we get to superstition in this LP.

Lady Margaret sitting in her high hall door Combing her long yellow hair. She saw sweet William and his new made bride Riding from the church so near.

She throw'd down her ivory comb She throw'd back her long yellor hair. Said, "I'll go down to bid him farewell Never more go there."

It was all lately in the night, When they were fast asleep. Little Margaret appeared all dressed in white, Standing at their bed feet.

"Well, how do you like your pillow, said she How do you like your sheet? How do you like that gay young lady Lying in your arms asleep?"

"Very well do I like my pillow, said he Very well do I like my sheet. But better do I like that fair young lady Standing at my bed feet."

Once he kissed her lily-white hand, Twice he kissed her cheek. Three times he kissed her cold corpsy lips Fell in her arms asleep.

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O, is little Margaret in her room Or is she in the hall? No little Margaret is in her coal-black coffin With her face turned to the wall.

#### SIDE I, Band 7: JOHN HARDY

Here again research has traced the ballad to its source (if there can ever be such a thing as one source for a ballad showing the handiwork of many musicians), to court records in West Virginia of the trial and execution of John Hardy, in 1894. Beyond that, we cannot vouch for the fictional or factual status of the song, since so many verses are common to other ballads as well.

John Hardy was a desperate little man He carried two guns every day, He shot down a man on the West Virginia line, You ought've seen John Hardy getting away. (poor boy) (2)

John Hardy traveled to the Freestone Bridge There, he thought he was free, But up stepped the marshall, took him by the

arm Says, "Johnny come along with me." (2)(poor boy)

John Hardy had a ma and a pa, Sent for them to go his bail, But no bail's allowed on a murdering charge So they laid John Hardy back in jail. (2)

(poor boy)

John Hardy had a little girl The dress that she wore was blue, She come skipping to that old jail hall Saying "Johnny I been true to you." (poor boy) (2)

John Hardy stood in his jail cell The tears running down each eye, Said I been the death of many a poor man And now I am ready to die. (poor boy) (2)

I been to the east, I been to the west I traveled the wide world 'round, I been to the river and I been baptized You can take me to my hanging ground. (poor boy) (2)

Well, they hung John Hardy on the following morn They strung him way up in the sky, The last words I heard that poor boy say My six-shooter never told a lie.

(poor boy) (2)

#### SIDE II, Band 1: THE GOLDEN VANITY

Among the many hundreds, perhaps thousands of varient melodies, this version is one of the most recent. It was learned from a recording made by the Carter Family, one of the most popular of the commercial singers of southern country music during the Nineteen Thirties. Rumor has it that the captain in the original story was Sir Walter Raleigh. This may be unfair. We do not know.

There was a lofty ship and she put to sea And the name of this ship was the Golden Vanity As she sailed upon the low and lonesome low As she sailed upon the lonesome sea.

She had not been out but two weeks or three When she was overtaken by a Turkish Revelee As she sailed upon the low and lonesome low As she sailed upon the lonesome sea.

Then up spake our little cabin boy Saying "What will you give me if I will then destroy If I sink them in the low and lonesome low If I sink them in the lonesome sea?"

"O, the man that them destroys," our captain then replied,

"Five thousand pounds and my daughter for his bride If he sinks them in the low and lonesome low If he sinks them in the lonesome sea."

Then the boy smote his breast and down jumped he He swum till he came to the Turkish Revelee As she sailed upon the low and lonesome low As she sailed upon the lonesome sea.

He had a little tool that was made for the use He bored nine holes in her hull all at once And he sunk her in the low and lonesome low He sunk her in the lonesome sea.

He swum back to his ship and he beat upon the side Cried, "Captain pick me up for I'm wearied with the tide I am sinking in the low and lonesome low

I am sinking in the lonesome sea. "

"No! I will not pick you up" the captain then replied "I will shoot you I will drown you I will sink you in the tide

I will sink you in the low and lonesome low I will sink you in the lonesome sea. "

"If it was not for the love that I bear for your men I would do unto you as I did unto 'them' I would sink you in the low and lonesome low I would sink you in the lonesome sea."

Then the boy bowed his head and down sunk he Farewell, farewell to the Golden Vanity As she sails upon the low and lonesome low As she sails upon the lonesome sea.

#### SIDE II, Band 2: BLACK JACK DAVY (Gypsy Davy) (Child #200)

The melody sung in this version was learned from a man in upstate New York, a mechanic in the American Locomotive works at Schenectady. He said his mother, whose family had earlier come up from Rhode Island, had taught him the song. The verses, however, have been pieced together from other sources, since he could only remember three.

Black Jack Davy come a-riding along Singing so loud, and gaily, He sang so loud the wildwoods rung, He charmed the heart of a lady.

### Refrain:

Come a raddle raddle lingo lingo ling Raddle raddle lingo, Davy (repeat)

How old are you my pretty little miss How old are you my honey,

She answered him with a tee hee hee, I'll be sixteen next Sunday.

#### Refrain:

Come, go with me my pretty little miss Go with me my honey, I'll take you across the deep blue sea You'll never want for money.

Won't you pull off those high-heeled shoes Made of Spanish leather, Won't you put on some low-heeled shoes We'll ride off together.

#### Refrain:

She soon pulled off those high-heeled shoes Made of Spanish leather, She put on those low-heeled shoes They rode off together.

#### Refrain:

It was late at night when the Lord came home Inquiring for his lady, The servants said on every hand She's gone with the Gypsy Davy.

#### Refrain:

Go saddle me my buckskin mare The gray is not so speedy, I'll ride all day and I'll ride all night Till I overtake my lady.

#### Refrain:

He rode till he came to the deep, below The stream was deep and muddy, The tears come a-trickling down his cheeks For there he spied his lady.

#### Refrain:

How can you leave your house and land How can you leave your baby, How can you leave your husband dear To go with the Gypsy Davy.

#### Refrain:

Very well can I leave my house and land Very well can I leave my baby, Much better can I leave my husband dear To go with the Gypsy Davy.

#### Refrain:

I won't come back to you my love I won't come back my husband, No I wouldn't give a kiss from David's lips For all your land and money.

Last night I lay on a goose-feather bed Beside my husband and baby, Tonite I lay on the cold, cold ground Beside the Gypsy Davy.

She soon run through her gay clothing Her velvet shoes and stockings, Her golden rings on her finger was gone And the gold plate off her bosom. Once I had a house and land A feather-bed and money But now I have come to an old straw pad With nothing but Gypsy Davy.

#### SIDE II, Band 3: THE FARMER'S CURST

WIFE

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(Child #278)

I would lay this song alongside Barbara Allen as being the most well known English ballad in America. It is known in a thousand and one varieties, but nearly always has some sort of nonsense refrain.

There was an old man lived over the hills If he aint moved out he's living there still.

Come a fa-dee-ing, ding, da dee-ing, etc.

Well, the devil come up to him one day Said one of your family I'm gonna take away.

Please don't take my eldest son There's work on the farm and it's got to be done.

O, it's not your eldest son I crave It's your scolding wife I'm going to take away.

Well, the old man jumped up with a start Saying you can take her with all my heart.

The devil picked her up upon his back He looked like an eagle scared off the wrack.

He carried her on about a mile down the road Saying old woman you're a helluva load.

He carried her down to the gates of hell Saying poke up the fire we'll scortch her well

There were two little devils with ball and chain Up with her foot and she kicked out their brains.

Nine little devils went climbing up the wall Saying take her back daddy, she'll murder us all.

I get up next morning, I peeked out of the crack I seen the old devil dragging her back.

He said here's your wife, both sound and well If I had kept her there longer she'd have torn up hell.

This only goes to show what a woman can do She can whup out the devil and her husband too.

It shows one advantage women have over men They can go down to hell and come back again.

#### SIDE II, Band 4: DOWN IN CARLISLE (In Castyle There Lived A Lady)

This story undoubtedly goes back to Roman days, if not earlier. The better known version has the brave gallant finally throwing the fan in the face of the lady who wanted him to risk his life for her pleasure, but we give the song here almost exactly as learned from a recording (now in the Library of Congress Folklore Archives) made in 1937 by Clay Walters of Salyersville, Kentucky.

Down in Carlysle there lived a lady Being both beautiful and gay, She was determined to live a lady No man on earth could her betray.

Unless it were a man of honor A man of honor and high degree; Then there approached two loving soldiers This fair lady for to see.

One being a brave lieutenant A brave lieutenant and a man of war, The other being a brave sea-captain Captain of a ship that's come from far.

Then up spoke this fair young lady I can be but one man's bride, If you will return tomorrow morning On this case we will decide.

She ordered her a span of horses A span of horses at her command, And they rode down the hill together Till they came to the lions' den.

And there they stopped and there they halted While the two stood gazing around; And for the space of a half an hour This young lady lies speechless on the ground.

Then after a while she did recover She throw'd her fan to the lion's den, Said which of you to gain a lady Will return my fan again.

Then up spoke the brave lieutenant In a voice both loud and high, I know I am a dear lover of women But I will not risk my life for love.

Then up spoke the brave sea-captain In a voice both loud and clear, I know I am a dear lover of women I will return your fan or die.

Then into the lions' den he boldly entered The lions being both wild and fierce, He walked around and in among them Then returned her fan again.

And when she saw her true love a-coming Seeing no harm had come to him, She throw'd her head upon his bosom Saying here's the prize that you have won.

#### SIDE II, Band 5: ST. JAMES HOSPITAL

This song is one of a large family, all descended from a street broadside of the late 18th Century known as 'The Unfortunate Rake'. It travelled to the new world, where the rake became a sailor, a lumberjack, a miner, a cowboy, as each ballad singer reshaped the story to suit a local situation. This version was recorded in Texas by John Lomax, from the singing of James Baker, in 1934. Early one morning I passed the St. James Hospital Early one morning in the month of May;

When I looked through the window I spied a dear cowboy, I spied a dear cowboy as cold as clay.

Come sit you down by me and hear my sad story

Come sit you down by me and sing this song, My sad heart is breaking For my poor head is aching I am a poor cowboy and know'd I done wrong.

Send for the doctor to heal up my body Send for the preacher to pray for my soul My sad heart is breaking My poor head is aching I am a poor cowboy and hell is my doom.

Get sixteen young maidens to carry my coffin Get sixteen young maidens to sing this song And tell them to bring some of them sweet smelling roses So they can't smell me as we ride along.

Beat the drum slowly and play the fife lowly Sing the death march as you carry me along, And over my coffin throw bunches of lilys, There goes a poor cowboy and he know'd he done wrong.

#### SIDE II, Band 6: JESSE JAMES

Jesse James was a lad, he killed many a man He robbed the Glendale train; He took from the rich and he gave to the poor He'd a hand and a heart and a brain.

Oh Jesse had a wife to mourn for his life Three children, they were brave; But that dirty little coward that shot Mr. Howard He laid poor Jesse in his grave.

It was on a Saturday night and the moon was shining bright, They robbed the Glendale train, With the agent on his knees, he delivered up the keys

To these outlaws Frank and Jesse James.

The people held their breath when they heard of Jesse's death They wondered how he ever came to fall; Robert Ford, it was a fact, shot Jesse in the back While Jesse hung a picture on the wall.

O Jesse was a man, a friend of the poor He'd never rob a mother or a child; He took from the rich and he gave to the poor So they shot Jesse James on the sly.

Well, this song was made up by Billy Gachet, As soon as the news did arrive; He said there was no man with the law in his hand

Who could take Jesse James when alive.

SIDE II, Band 7: BARBARA ALLEN (Child #84)

In Scarlet Town where I was born There was a fair maid dwelling; Made many a youth cry well-a-day Her name was Barbara Allen.

It was in the merry month of May When green buds they were swelling; Sweet William came from the west country And he courted Barbara Allen.

He sent his servant unto her To the place where she was dwelling; Said my master's sick, bids me call for you If your name be Barbara Allen.

Well, slowly, slowly got she up And slowly went she nigh him; But all she said as she passed his bed Young man I think you're dying.

Then lightly tripped she down the stairs She heard those church bells tolling; And each bell seemed to say as it tolled Hard-hearted Barbara Allen.

O, mother, mother go make my bed And make it long and narrow; Sweet William died for me today I'll die for him tomorrow.

They burried Barbara in the old church yard They buried Sweet William beside her; Out of his grave grew a red, red rose And out of hers a briar.

They grew and grew up the old church wall Till they could grow no higher; And at the top twined in a lovers' knot The red rose and the briar.

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