The Story of Jazz

narrated by LANGSTON HUGHES



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WRITTEN BY LANGSTON HUGHES, AUTHOR OF "THE FIRST BOOK OF JAZZ" PUBLISHED BY FRANKLIN WATTS, INC.

FC 17312 FOLKWAYS RECORDS & SERVICE CORP., N.Y.

THE STORY OF JAZZ

SIDE I

Band 1. BEGINNINGS
Introduction, Africa, The South,
New Orleans; Jelly Roll Morton,
Rags, Bunk Johnson,
Scott Joplin, Louis Armstrong.

Band 2. THE BLUES
Introduction, St. Louis Blues, Ma Rainey,
Perdido Street Blues.

SIDE II

CHARACTERISTICS

A Break, A Riff, Boogie Woogie; Bix Biederbecke, Duke Ellington, Earl Hines, Dizzy Gillespie, Lennie Tristano, Teenagers, Mary Lou Williams.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTES ARE INSIDE POCKET

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The Story of Jazz

narrated by LANGSTON HUGHES

with Documentary Recordings

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(1) FIREWORKS

Jazz!.....America's music----made in the U. S. A.....Louis Armstrong:

Baby Dodds:

(2) BABY DODDS

Jelly Roll Morton:

(3) MR. JELLY LORD

Johnny Dodds:

Great names in jazz----American jazz---that began a hundred years or more before
any of these men were born----began in
various ways, in various places. One beginning
was with the varied rhythms of African drums
played by slaves in Congo Square in New
Orleans:

(4) DRUMS OF THE YORUBA

Their drums must have sounded like these drums of Africa, as played in Nigeria---for most of the slaves brought to America were from the West Coast of Africa. With them came their rhythms, passed down from parents to children:

Working in the cotton fields on the great Southern plantations, when the slaves raised a cry, it was a rhythmical cry:

(5) OL' HANNAH

And afterawhile, loading cotton bales on the old paddle-wheel steamers on the Mississippi, they sang:

(6) OLD MAN (LEADBELLY)

The Mississippi, mighty river, bearing cotton and music and dreams.

(7) POURQUOI CES LARMES

New Orleans....on the Delta....at the mouth of the Mississippi----first a French city.....

then a Spanish city.....and finally an American city. There, in that city of the Delta, were heard.....the music of Spain and the rhythms of the French quadrilles.....And later, since thousands of sail boats went back and forth between the Gulf and the Caribbean, the rhythms of the West Indies came:

(8) DEUX AMOURS

The people of New Orleans heard all this music. They began to put it together into a music of their own, always syncopating the rhythms a little bit more, ever a little bit more, influenced no doubt by the Congo drums.

Jelly Roll Morton took the theme of an old French quadrille and transformed it into a piece which he called "The Tiger Rag":

(9) TIGER RAG

Borrowing from the rhythms around them and the swing of the levee songs, the colored marching bands of New Orleans put into their street marches lively strains like these:

(10) DOWN BY THE RIVER

That's Bunk Johnson's Original Superior Band playing "Down By The River":

In the late 1800's in a town farther up the Mississippi River---Sedalia, Missouri----a man named Scott Joplin began to popularize on the piano this new syncopated music. He called his music ragtime. He composed many such pieces himself, his best known being "The Maple Leaf Rag", and he made many player-piano rolls, sold by the thousands throughout the country:

(11) ORIGINAL RAGS

This is Scott Joplin himself playing one of his original rags:

Louis Armstrong of New Orleans, born on the 4th of July, 1900, as a young man, played his trumpet on the Mississippi River boats. Into Louis' playing crept the blue notes of the field hollers and plantation songs he'd heard.....and the brightness of ragtime....and the loneliness of the big old muddy river....and the happiness

of dancing people on the boats where he played.....Louis put these things all together, lifted his horn to his lips, and played like this:

(12) I'M NOT ROUGH

That's Louis!.....His nickname is Satchmo..... All through his early music run the strains of the blues:

Side I, Band 2

Nobody knows who first made up the songs called the blues....But their three line, 12-bar form has since become a standard pattern in American music....Certainly the blues show traces of the work songs, the field hollers, and the plantation cries of the Deep South....The blues.....Maybe one hot day, a man was working in a rice field when a song came into his head, then out of his mouth---a song....with wordsperhaps like this:

Oh, the sun is so hot And the day is so doggone long.....

Then, when he couldn't think of anything else right away to go with it, he repeated the same lines:

Yes, the sun is so hot And the day is so doggone long.....

But, by that time, maybe he had a new thought,

And that is the reason
I'm singing this doggone song.

(13) ST. LOUIS BLUES

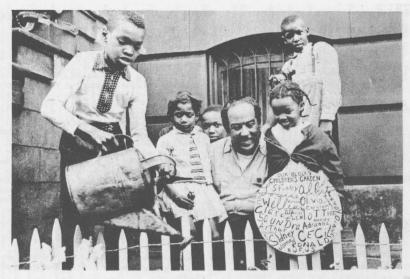
Travelling singers like Ma Rainey, Blind Lemon Jefferson, and Bessie Smith began to sing their blues far and wide.....This is the great Ma Rainey in 1923 singing "The Travelling Blues":

(14) TRAVELLING BLUES

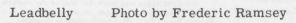
The blues, mingling with the rhythms of the African drums of Congo Square, the field hollers and levee songs, ragtime and the syncopation of the New Orleans marching bands, all merging and mingling in the early New Orleans and Dixieland jazz, that was to form the basis and set the patterns for all the other kinds of jazz that were to come:

(15) PERDIDO STREET BLUES

That's the "Perdido Street Blues" played by the New Orleans Wanderers.....Dixieland jazz....George Mitchell, cornet.....Johnny Dodds, clarinet.....Lil Armstrong, piano....Johnny St. Cyr, banjo....and Kid Ory's trombone....Recorded in Chicago, 1926.....That's jazz!



Langston Hughes



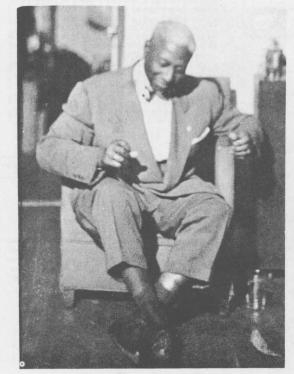
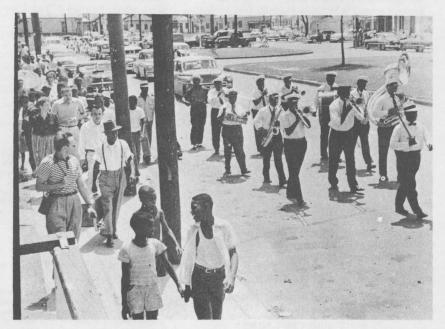


Photo by G. D. Hackett



Mary Lou Williams



Eureka Jazz Band, New Orleans

Photo by Frederic Ramsey

SIDE II

Jazz music has certain characteristics

(16) WOLVERINE BLUES

...That's a break....A break is a very brief syncepated interlude, usually of two to four bars, between musical phrases. In unwritten jazz, the breaks are often improvised...Now, you listen for another break....You're listening to Jelly Roll Morton, piano, Johnny Dodds, clarinet, and Baby Dodds, playing the "Wolverine Blues".....They're probably improvising on an old theme:

Improvising means composing as one plays, or making up variations on old themes directly on the instruments being played---rather than from written notes. This was very common among the early jazz players, many of whom could not read or write music. They played by ear, and to them syncopation---or jazzing--just seemed to come naturally, or at least with ease.....Now, another thing common to jazz is a riff. Like breaks, riffs are often used.

A riff is a single rhythmical phrase repeated several times sometimes, over and over, usually as a background to the lead melody.

In this Count Basie piece, listen to the riff at the very beginning of this section, right after the drum beats:

(17) DON'T YOU MISS YOUR BABY

Hear the repeated figure? An ensemble riff.....

Now you listen for the riff.....

Now let's try another record. See how many riffs or breaks you can pick out in this example of Kansas City jazz:

(18) FROGGY BOTTOM

Kansas City---the town that produced such famous jazz players as Bennie Moten, Count Basie, Mary Lou Williams, Buck Clayton, and Andy Kirk whose orchestra is now playing "Froggy Bottom":

Kansas City in the 1920's and '30's was also a great town for boogie woogie piano players--as was Chicago---the players travelling all over the West and Southwest---Pine Top Smith, Albert Ammons, Jimmy Yancey, Meade Lux Lewis:

(19) HONKY TONK TRAIN

Boogie woogie is a kind of blues-ragtime with a strong deep powerful rolling bass added. "Trilling the treble and rolling the bass" is the way some players describe boogie woogie. Here is a portion of "Honky Tonk Train" as played by Lewis:

In the early 1920's when many New Orleans musicians migrated to Chicago, young musicians there like Bix Beiderbecke, Art Hodes, Mezz Mezzrow, Paul Whiteman, and Jimmie McPartland came to hear them night after night, and tried to learn to play like them.

A style of Chicago jazz evolved, of which a good example is Bix Beiderbecke's

(20) SOMEBODY STOLE MY GAL

As the old jazz changed into swing, or mellowed into sweet jazz, bands like Bunny Berigan's were popular.

(21) I'M COMING VIRGINIA

In New York one of the groups that became famous in the 1920's and continues famous to this day, after more than a quarter of a century of playing, is Duke Ellington's Orchestra.

This is Ellington's "The Mooche".

(22) THE MOOCHE

Duke Ellington's band is very popular in Europe. And other American orchestras such as Benny Goodman, Cab Calloway, Glenn Miller, Charlie Barnet, Woody Herman, Tommy Dorsey, and Lionel Hampton's have won wide popularity. By 1940, jazz---America's music---had gone everywhere in the world, and people in Paris, and Cairo, and London, and Tokyo had learned to love it, and to play or to try to play it. Earl Hines, whose piano you are hearing now, has played his music in many countries abroad:

(23) "JUST TOO SOON" UP

About 1945 a young man named Dizzy Gillespie in New York, along with other musicians like Thelonius Monk, Bud Powell, and Charlie Parker, began to play a somewhat new kind of jazz with clashing chords, dissonances, off-rhythms, and sometimes bongo drums from Cuba furnishing the percussion.

This music came to be called be-bop.

Here is Dizzy Gillespie with Chano Pozo on drums playing "Oopapada":

(24) OOPAPADA

After Wor.d War II, many of the big bands dissolved, and small combinations became popular. Many of these small combos play a cool kind of jazz termed modern or progressive jazz---influenced by all the older forms of jazz, of course---but most directly by bop. Here is such a small combo, Lennie Tristano's, playing in modern style a blues:

(25) "BLUES"

People listen to jazz for fun, dance to jazz for fun, and play jazz for fun. From the Congo drums of New Orleans, and the street bands there, and Louis Armstrong to Duke E:lington and Benny Goodman and Lennie Tristano and Dave Brubeck and Dizzy Gillespie and Chet Baker, jazz is fun. And you don't have to be a musician to play jazz.

These are some teen-agers in the basement of a housing project in New York City playing with just a few sticks on benches, some pop bottles, and a bongo----just for fun:

(26) TEEN-AGERS DRUMMING

Boys making up their own music---just like the old-timers did in long-ago New Orleans--improvising just for fun.

And now, to sign us off, here is Mary Lou Williams at the piano in a great jam session recorded in New York.

They're playing just for fun.

(27) JGON MILI JAM SESSION -made in the U. S. A......Jazz!

CREDITS

- FIREWORKS, Jazz Volume 9, Side 1, Band 5. June 27, 1928, OK 8597
- BABY DODDS, Footnotes to Jazz, Volume 1, Side 2, Band 1. Recorded by Moses Asch, FP 30
- MR. JELLY LORD, Jazz Volume 2, Side 2, Band
 June 1927, BI 0258
- 4. DRUMS OF THE YORUBA OF NIGERIA, Side 2, Band 5. Recorded by William Bascom, P 441
- OL' HANNAH, Jazz Volume 1, "The South", Side 1, Band 1. Recorded by Moses Asch, FP 53 (1950).
- OLD MAN ('Levee Song') Lead Belly, "This Is My Land" Side 2, Band 4. Recorded by Moses Asch
- POURQUOI CES L'ARMES, Haitian Piano, Side 2, Band 3. Recorded by Harold Courlander, FP 837
- DEUX AMOURS, Haitian Piano, Side 2, Band 3. Recorded by Harold Courlander, FP837 (1952)
- 9. TIGER RAG, Jazz Volume 3, Side 2, Band 4. September 1922, Gennett 4968
- DOWN BY THE RIVER, Jazz Volume 3, Side 1, Band 6, June 1942, Jazzman 8
- ORIGINAL RAGS, Scott Joplin, Jazz Volume 11, Side 2, Band 2. Jazz Classics 534
- I'M NOT ROUGH, Jazz Volume 2, Side 2, Band 6. December 1927, Okeh 8551
- ST. LOUIS BLUES, Ammons, Jazz, Volume 10, Side 1, Band 4, 1939, SA 12003
- 14. TRAVELING BLUES, Jazz, Volume 4, Side 2, Band 3, 1929 Para 14011/12706.
- PERDIDO STREET BLUES, Jazz Volume 3, Side 1, Band 1. July 13, 1926. Columbia 689
- 16. WOLVERINE BLUES, Jazz Volume 9, Side 1, Band 3. June 10, 1927, FV 21064
- DON'T YOU MISS YOUR BABY, Jazz, Volume 4, Side 1, Band 3. 1937. De 1770
- FROGGY BOTTOM, Jazz Volume 10, Side 2, Band 3, March 1936. De 729
- HONKY TONK TRAIN, Jazz Volume 10, Side 1, Band 5. Chicago, 1929. Para 12896
- SOMEBODY STOLE MY GAL, Jazz Volume 6, Side 2, Band 1. Pk 41030
- 21. I'M COMING VIRGINIA, Jazz Volume II, Side 2, Band 4. December 1935. De 18116
- 22. THE MOOCHE, Jazz Volume 4, Side 1, Band 4.
 1928. Ok 8623
- JUST TOO SOON, Jazz Volume 9, Side 1, Band 4. 1928. QRS 7039
 OOPAPADA, Jazz, Volume 4, Side 1, Band 4. 1947. Vi 20-2480
- 25. BLUES, Jazz Volume 9, Side 2, Band 7. Recorded by Moses Asch
- TEEN-AGERS DRUMMING: "1, 2, 3 and A Zing", Side 2, Band 4. Recorded by Tony Schwartz. (FP 703)
- 27.° JGON MILI JAM SESSION, Asch Recordings, No. 1006A. Recorded by Moses Asch

This album is recorded and technical editing by Mel Kaiser. Mastered by Peter Bartok. Written and narrated by Langston Hughes. Moses Asch, production director.

blues and ICZZ

- FAZO04 TAKE THIS HAMMER, Negro blues and work songs sung and played on the 12-string guiter by Leadbelly, incl. Grey Goose, Goodnight Irene, Silvy, etc., edited by Alan Lomex.
- by Alan Lomex.

 FA2006 SONNY TERRY'S WASHBOARD BAND, Pre-Jazz instrumentals and original country blues vocals, incl. The
 Women Is Killin Me, Diggin' My Potatoes, other
 Women Is Killin Me, Diggin' My Potatoes, other
 FA2014 ROCK ISLAND LINE, songs by Leadbally and his 12string guiter. The great Negro folksinger sings Old
 Riley, On a Monday, Rock Island Line, Shorty Georga, etc.
- Riley, On a Monday, Rock Island Line, Shorty George, etc.

 FA2024 LEADBELLY LEGACY (Vol. 3), the earliest known commercial recordings by the great Negor folksinger, Incl. See See Rider, Ft. Worth and Dallas Blues, Pigmest, etc. FA2028 GET ON BOARD, favorite Negoro folksings by The Folkmasters Sonny Terry, Brownie McChee, Coyal McMahan. Bale of Cotton, Midniath Special, more.

 FA2028 BLUES by BROWNIE McGHEE, one of the authentic blues greats of our time sings Good Morning Blues, Worried Mind, Betry and Dupree, others.

 FA2034 EASY RIDER, Vol. 4 of the Leadbelly Legacy, recordings from 1941-46. Man Goin' Round, Jim Crow, Bourgeois Blues, others.

- Bourgeois Blues, others.

 FA2035 SONY TERRY harmonica and vocal solos; our greatest blues harmonica player sings his most famous songs, incl. Lost John, Beautiful City, Women Blues, etc.

 FA2038 SPIRITUALS with Dock Reed and Vera Hall, recorded in Alabama. Most unusual presentation incl. What Month Was Jesus Born, My, God Ain't No Lying Man, Morning Train, etc.
- Morning Train, etc.

 P. A2201 COUNTRY DANCE MUSIC with the Washboard Band, an instrumental jam session with Pete Seeger (5-string banio), Sonny Terry (harmonics), Brownie McChee (guitar), Wm. Edw. Cook (washboard), Frank Robertson (bass), Highly recommended for square dance accompaniment. (In strict tempo).
- (In strict tempo).

 FJ2290 BABY DODDS DRUM SOLOS, interview with and unusual performances by the famous lazz drummer, incl. Careless Love, Maryland, Rudiments Demonstration, etc. PJ2292 POOINOTES TO JAZZ, a spontaneous jazz presentation recorded at a record session rehearsal, incl. Mary Low Williams, Franks Newton, Edmond Hall, others. FJ2293 ART TATUM TRIO Rehearsal, spontaneous session of this world-temous combo with 'Art Tatum, Slam Stewart and Tiny Grimes, Incl. If I had You, Sandman, others.

- FA2326 BIG BILL BROONZY COUNTRY BLUES, one of the great blues singers of all time sings in the Evening, Trouble in Mind, Frankie and Johnny, etc. "First rate ... a remarkable celebration of the blues." New Yorker.
- FA2327 BROWNIE McGHEE and SONNY TERRY, two of the tinest folk blues performers in an exciting guitar-harmonica program of traditional and contemporary blues, Incl. Old Jabo, John Henry, Guitar Highway, etc.
- FA2369 ON THE ROAD, folk blues sung and performed on harmonica, bones and guitar by Sonny Terry, J. C. Burris, Sticks McGhee. "A truly epical trio." San Francisco

- Chronicle.

 Chroni
- FAZ450 PETE SEGER AT THE VILLAGE GATE, with Memphis Slim and Willie Dixon; recorded "live" with audience at the folk song night club. Songs incl. I'm On My Way, Heland Laddie, lina Singu, Guizmasters, others.

 MUSIC OF NEW ORLEANS Samuel B. Charters historic set of documentary records (5 vols.) covering various aspects of current music in the city known as the birthplace of lazz "The first comprehensive attempt undertaken by a control of grasp, with on-and-off-the-street, indoors-and-outdoors recordings, the musical feel of a city." Sat. Review of III.
- Review of Lit.

 FA2461 (Vol. 1) Music of Streets and Mardi Gras; street cries, Mardi Gras Day, street bands, atc.

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 FA2463 (Vol. 3) Music of Dance Halls, incl. Big Mamou, Shake It and Break It, Careless Love, etc.
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 FA2465 (Vol. 5) New Orleans Jazz —Flowering; Handful of Cards, Gettysburg March, interviews and reminiscences, etc.

- etc.

 FA2476, SNOOKS EAGLIN, New Orleans Street Singer in typical pre-jazz blues number, incl. High Society, St. James Infirmary, See See Rider, Lonesome Road, etc.

 FA2695 ORB MAN BAND, an exciting study in street-style music played on kazon, 5-sel. can, cow bells, cymbals, wood blocks, etc. by sull lackman. Basin St. Blues, Shejk of Araby, others.

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- in 1954 by Frederick Ramsey, Jr., on Guggennenn relationship.

 FA2650 VOL. 1 COUNTRY BRASS BANDS the Lapsey Band and Laneville-Johnson Union Brass Band playing hymns and religious music incl. I Shall Not B. Moved, Nearer My God to Thee, Sun Gonna Shine, others.

 FA2651 Vol. 2 HORACE SPROTT (1), a unique and stirring authentic folksinger recorded in Alabama; Blues Come Falling Down, Saints Go Marching In, Interviews, etc.

 FA2652 Vol. 3 HORACE SPROTT (11), additional recordings of this great traditional folk artist, incl. Steal Away, One
- of this great readmonant of the Dollar Bill, interviews, etc.

 FA2653 Vol. 4 HORACE SPROTT (III), a third disc of spirit-
- standing authentic folk singer.

 FA2654 Vol. 5 SONG, PLAY AND DANCE; authentic field recordings of Buck Dances from Alabama and Miss., blues
- PA2639 to the Control of the Control
- PAZ637 Vol. 8 YOUNG SONGSTERS, young Negro folk art, ists continuing the religious song tradition, incl. Starlight Gospel Singers, Dorothy Melton, others. PAZ638 Vol. 9 SONG and WORSHIP, recordings of song and prayer taken at religious meetings of the Sanctified Sect (Alabama) and Morning Star Bapist Church (Louisiana?, PAZ671 SIX and 7/8 STRING BAND of NEW ORLEANS, an unusual recording of this unique type of group, incl. mandolin, Jeel guitar, guitar and string bass. Songs incl. High Society, Tiger Rag, etc.
- HISTORY OF JAZZ (edited by Frederic Ramsey, Jr.) The most HISTORY OF JAZZ (edited by Frederic Ramsey, Jr.) The most addinifive, authenic history of jazz on accords, in 11-volume long-playing set which traces jazz from is more work songs and blues of the South, through Dicieland, Chicago, New York and Kansas City right up to contemporary currents. Based on early out-of-print records and now re-issued in highest qualify LP, the HISTORY OF JAZZ features all of the great names and personalities from Leadbelly to Dizzy Gillepsie, incl. Louis Armstrong, Beasie Smith and scores of others.

 Jessie Smith and scores of others.

 Jessie Smith and Scores of others.

 Jessie Smith and Scores of the State Smith Control of Negroward Smith and Scores of State Smith, Louis Armstrong, Jelly Roll Morton, Ma Rainey, King Oliver, Blind Lemon Jeffsson, Tuxedo Jazz Band, others. A real collector's item. P12803 JAZZ (Vol. 2) THE BUES, a paroram of great blues singers, incl. Bessie Smith, Louis Armstrong, Jelly Roll Morton, Ma Rainey, King Oliver, Blind Lemon Jeffsson, Tuxedo Jazz Band, others. A real collector's item. P12803 JAZZ (Vol. 3) DistElAMD New Orleans jazz played by the greats, incl. Louis Armstrong, Red Onions Jazz Band, Bulk Johnson, Dallas Jug Band, others.

- Smith, Louis Armstrong, Ma Rainey, Sonny Terry, Chippie Hill, many other lazz vocalists.

 FJ2805 JAZZ (Vol. S) CHICAGO, NO. 1, examples of this famous lazz era by Punch Miller, Kid Ory, Johnny Dodds, Jelly Roll Morton, Lil Armstrong, others.

 FJ2806 JAZZ (Vol. 6) CHICAGO, NO. 2, another disc of great lazz styles from this period by lazz combos incl. King Oliver's Jazz Band, New Orleans Rhythm Kings Bix Beiderbecke, etc.
- Beiderbecke, etc. FJ2807 (Vol. 7) NEW YORK, 1922-1934, jazz combos of the New York era incl. The Cotton Rickers, Jack Teagarten, Duke Ellington, James P. Johnson, Fats Waller, Louis Armstron, others.
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- FJ2811 JAZZ (Vol. 11) ADDENDA, a miscellary of great recorded moments in lazz, featuring Bunk's Brass Band, Fasts Waller, Eddie Condon Orch., Bunny Berigan, Frankie Newton, others.

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- the man.
 FA2941 LEADBELLY'S LAST SESSIONS (Vol. 1)
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 FG3524 MEMPHIS SLIM and the Real Boogle Woogle; a
 master of the lazz keyboard in piano and vocal solos.
 "Great vitality and fascination." -N. Y. Times. Notes by
- Chas. Edw. Smith.
 F93326 NEGRO FOLK SONGS and TUNES, a rare example of Negro song sung by Elizabeth Cotton, with guitar and banio, incl. Freight Train, Babe It Ain't No Lie, Wilson Rag, etc. An unusual album for the guitar enthusiast,
- banjo, incl. Freight Train, Babe It Ain't No Lie, Wilson Rag, etc. An unusual album for the guitar enthusiast, FG3535 MEMPHIS SLIM AND THE REAL HONKY TOMK; biano and vocal styles of the honky tonk ers. Incl. Boogie After Midnight, Whiskey Blues, Pinetop Boogie, others. Notes by Charles Edward Smith. FG3538 TAMBOURINES TO GLORY, gospel songs written by Langston Hughes and Jobe Huntley, sung by The Porter Langston Hughes and Jobe Huntley, sung by The Porter Katherine Handy Lewis in traditional by his daughter Katherine Handy Lewis in traditional by his daughter Market Handy Lewis in traditional by his daughter Market Handy Lewis in traditional by his daughter Katherine Handy Lewis in traditional by his daughter Katherine Budge State Smith. FG3557 BROWNIE McGHEE SINGS BLUES, one of the authentic blues greats of our time sings Poor Boy, Walking Blues, A Hard Road to Travel, etc. Guitar acc. FG3562 JOSEPH LAMB, a study in classic ragime by one of the all-time greats of the ragime keyboard, incl. Cleopatra Rag, Sensation, Ragime Nightingale, etc. Ed. by S. B. Charters. Background notes. FG3586 BIG BILL JOHNSON, the story of one of the great blues artists told through documentary narrative and orig, recordings by Johnson incl. If I Had My Way, FG3586 BIG BILL get Ed. by S. B. Charters. FG3581 BIG BILL BROONZY, STONY, Interview With Studs Icrkel, songs and diventional processing stones and control of the great storeby Big Bill about his life; songs from the great storeby Big Bill about his life; FS3817 BIG BILL BROONZY, SONNY TERRA MEOWNE.

- Songs from the great storehouse of folk blues incl.
 Willie Mae Blues, This Train, Black Brown and White, etc.
 FS3817 BIG BILL BROONZY, SONNY TERRY and BROWNIE
 McGNEE, three great blues artists interviewed by Studs
 Terkel, sing and talk about the blues. Songs incl. Keys
 FS3818 BALLAOW, BESUITOL City, etc.
 FS3818 BALLAOW, BESUITOL City, etc.
 Van Ronk; an authority of the young
 generation of folksinger representative of the young
 generation of folksinger in the property of the young
 Backwater Blues, How Long-II street and Brady,
 Backwater Blues, How Long-II street blues singer is rediscovered. Songs incl. Penitentiary Blues, Come Go Home
 With Me, Bad Luck and Trouble, etc. "One of the best
 of the country blues men still singing." N. Y. Times.
 FS3823 FURY, LEWIS, one of the all-tiling Blues "greats" in
 songs and interview with S. B. Charters, featuring
 'bottleneck' guitar style. Songs incl. East St. Bouis Blues,
 John Henry, Casey Jones, etc.

- FS3857 THE MUSIC OF KERN, GERSHWIN, YOUMANS, RODG-ERS, SCHWARTZ with Milton Rettenberg at the piano; incl. Feeling I'm Falling, Rice and Shoes, All the Things You Are, It Might as Well Be Spring, others.

- P3884 FOLK SONGS and BLUES with Big Bill Broonzy and Pete Seeger, a fascinating Studs Terkel interview program feeturing discussion and more than 20 songs by two of F64417 NEGRO FOLK and the field recordings from 1st ALBAMA (vol. 1) Secular, field recordings from 1st of ALBAMA (vol. 1) Secular, field recordings from 1st of ALBAMA (vol. 2) Secular, field recordings from 1st of ALBAMA (vol. 2) Religious; city blues, ring game songs, chain-gang songs, etc. clips, city blues, ring game songs, chain-gang songs, etc. E4418 NEGRO FOLK MUSIC of ALBAMA (vol. 2) Religious; exciting excepts from a fabulous folklore research project by Harold Courlander; religious songs, sermons, "moaning" Bible stories by Dock Reed, Vera Hall, Rich Amerson, others.
- others.

 NEGRO FOLK MUSIC of ALABAMA an extensive recorded survey of this living, vital folk music, recorded in Alabama by Harold Courlander. (See also FE4417 and FE4418).

 FE4471 RICH AMERSON (I), an exciting traditional singer with railroad songs, tall tales, Bre'r Rabbit tales, folk riddles, praables and sermonizing.

- FE4471 RICH AMERSON (I), an Exhibit rales, folk riddles, parables and sermonizing. FE472 RICH AMERSON (II), a second record by this great folk performer, mainly Negro religious music; sermonizing and church singing, incl. King David, Didn't You Hear, etc. FE4473 SPIRITUALS, sung by two of the most vibrant authentic singers ever recorded, Dock Reed and Vera Hall Ward, 16 exciling songs incl. What Month Was Jesus Born, My God Ain't No Lyin' Man, 'etc.

- FE4474 RING GAMES and other songs, recorded in Alabama, ring games, line games, play-party songs sung by rural school children; also work songs, chain-gang songs, etc.
- FE4475 NEGRO PRISON CAMP WORK SONGS, recorded at Ramsey and Retrieve State Farms, Texas, by Peta and Toshi Seeger, John Lomax, Jr., others; incl. Old Hannah, Grizzly Bear, Lost John, etc.
- Grizzly Bear, Lost John, etc.

 FE4500 NEGRO MUSIC of AFRICA and AMERICA, selections from South Africa, French Equatorial Africa, Nigeria, Sudan, Zanzibar, etc. and from South American, Cuban, Puerto Rican and U. S. Negrosa. A fascinating study in related comparative culture. Ed. by Harold Courlander. FE4502 AFRICAN and AFRO-AMERICAN DRUMS, edited by Harold Courlander; 23 examples of variety of drum sounds and styles. recorded among Watusii, Baya, Yoruba tribes and others, plus drums of Haiti, Puerto Rico, Cuba, U. S., etc.

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- poet reads from his own works in an unusual and exciting recording.

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- FA2659 BEEN HERE AND GONE (Music from the South Vol. 10), collected and edited by Frederic Remsey Jr. and issued in conjunction with the book, "been Here and Gone" by Ramsey (Ruglers Univ Press); traditional instruments, field hollers, track-lining chant, Eureka Brass Band, etc. Illustrated booklet.
- FA2448 BILL McADOO SINGS traditional songs and original compositions incl. Ballad of Caryl Chessman, Jim Crow Coffee, Walk On Alabama, John Henry, etc. Song texts.