



FC 7719

Vol. I, Part 1

1

# Chantons en français

French Songs for Learning French  
sung by ALAN MILLS  
and HELENE BAILLARGEON  
with guitar accompaniment  
Folkways Records; Issued in  
conjunction with the book  
"CHANTONS EN FRANCAIS" edited by  
BEATRICE and MAX KRONE  
pub. Neil A. Kjos Music Co.



M  
1730  
M657  
C459  
1961  
v.1  
pt.1

MUSIC LP

**Chantons en français**

**French Songs for  
Learning French  
sung by ALAN MILLS  
and HELENE  
BAILLARGEON with  
guitar accompaniment**

**Vol. I, Part 1****SIDE I**

Frère Jacques  
Les cloches  
A la volette  
Ah! vous dirai-je, maman  
Ainsi font, font, font  
Voici l'hiver bientôt passé  
Au clair de la lune  
Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois  
Encore un carreau d'cassé  
Papa, les petits bateaux  
Monter sur un éléphant

**SIDE II**

Savez-vous planter les choux?  
Le coucou  
Entendez-vous sur l'ormeau  
Prom'nons-nous dans les bois  
Sur le pont d'Avignon  
Fais dodo  
Le petit prince  
La poulette grise  
Il était une bergère  
Y a un rat

Library of Congress Catalogue Card No. R 61-1708

© 1961 FOLKWAYS RECORDS AND SERVICE CORP.  
43 W. 61st ST., N.Y.C., U.S.A. 10023

Album No. FC7719

Folkways Records  
FC 7719 and FC 7720

Folkways Records, New York, © 1961

632 BROADWAY, N.Y.C. 10012

Language Through Songs

LIBRARY  
UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

CHANTONS EN FRANÇAIS  
(Let's Sing in French)

French Folksongs

Arranged by Max and Beatrice Krone

Sung by Helene Baillargeon, Soprano, and  
Alan Mills, Baritone, with guitar accom-  
paniment.

The Recordings

The recordings for the books of the  
LANGUAGE THROUGH SONG series serve  
a fourfold purpose:

1) They provide fine examples of the  
diction of professional singers singing in  
their native tongue for students of the  
language. These models of good diction  
are of great value, also, to classroom and  
music teachers who may not be fluent in  
the language. Careful listening to pronun-  
ciation of native singers helps students and  
teachers to acquire the sound of the words  
as they would hear them in the foreign  
country.

2) They provide an enjoyable, easy,  
and time-saving way for students to learn  
through song something of the life and in-  
terests of the people whose language they  
are studying.

3) They help students to memorize  
quickly the many repeated phrases and re-  
frains so typical of folksongs. This mem-  
orization is of real value in extending a  
student's vocabulary.

4) They are songs that have lived  
through the years and have musical as well  
as language-learning values. Many of them  
are known to us in translation, but they are  
much more fun to sing in their original  
language, and often contain beauty, mean-  
ing, or humor in the text that is lost in  
translation.

The Songs

The songs recorded in this Album from  
Chantons en français, Book One are listed  
below. The French words, the melodies,  
and chord indications for autoharp, guitar,  
piano or chord organ, are all in the Stu-  
dent's Book One. All of the pages of the  
Student's Book One are in the Teacher's  
Book One. Opposite each of these pages in  
the Teacher's Book is a piano accompani-  
ment for the song, and the English trans-  
lation. The page numbers of the song in  
both the Student's and Teacher's Books are  
given after the titles below.

These two records contain the songs in Book One of Chantons en français.

The Voice Parts. The second, easy  
voice part for some of the songs is option-  
al. All the songs have been written in such  
keys that they can be sung in unison by all  
voices. Wherever a second part has been  
added, the parts are usually recorded  
separately, as well as together so that  
each part may be heard and learned alone,  
and together with the other part.

A man's and woman's voice have been  
used in each album, since a language  
sounds different in each voice, and a stu-  
dent needs to hear the language spoken - or  
sung - by both. This also makes for vari-  
ety and interest in the songs.

The Accompaniments

In the accompaniment for each song  
these things especially were kept in mind:

1) The accompaniment should be ap-  
propriate to the song, both as to the choice  
of accompanying instrument and the style  
in which it is used.

2) It should encourage student partici-  
pation in singing the songs.

3) It should not obscure the text, but  
should permit the words to be heard easily.

4) The chord symbols above the notes  
of the songs in the Student's Book provide  
for an easy chord accompaniment with  
autoharp, guitar, chord organ, or piano.

Many of the short songs have an extra  
instrumental performance, so that students  
may sing, dance, or dramatize the song  
with an instrumental accompaniment im-  
mediately after hearing it sung.

Keys

The songs in each book have been  
written in keys that can be played on the  
autoharp. They are also the keys which  
provide the easiest range for voices of un-  
trained singers. However, the written  
keys and the recorded keys of the songs  
are not always the same. The reason for  
this is that some songs sounded better in  
the singers' voices in certain keys. In  
case there is someone in your class who  
plays guitar he will probably find also that  
some of the songs are easier to play in the  
keys in which they are recorded than in the  
keys in which they are written.

The keys in which the songs were per-  
formed are given after the titles of the  
songs below.

M  
1730  
M657 0459  
1961  
v.1  
pt.1  
MUSIC LP

YARBU  
ATHBEBE YTBREBEB

French Songs for Learning French

# Chantons en français

VOLUME I - PART 1

("LET US SING IN FRENCH!")

sung by **ALAN MILLS AND HELENE BAILLARGEON**

SIDE 1, BAND 1: **Frère Jacques**

(Round)

Frère Jacques, Frère Jacques,  
Dormez-vous? Dormez-vous?  
Sonnez les matines, Sonnez les matines.  
Ding, dang, dong! Ding, dang, dong!

Brother John, are you sleeping?

Ring the morning bells. Ding, dang, dong

SIDE 1, BAND 2: **Les cloches**

(Cathedral Bells)

Orléans, Beaugency,  
Notre Dame de Clery,  
Vendôme, Vendôme.

Quel chagrin, quel ennui,  
De compter toute la nuit,  
Les heures, les heures.

What a nuisance,  
What a bore,  
To count the hours all  
night long.

SIDE 1, BAND 3: **A LA VOLETTE**  
(On the Wing)

Près de la fontaine, un oiseau chantait. (Repeat)  
Un oiseau, à la volette, (Repeat)  
Un oiseau chantait.

2. Ses petits, rebelles, voulaient le quitter, (Repeat)  
Voulaient le, à la volette, (Repeat) Voulaient le quitter.
3. Et la pauvre bête leur disait: "Restez!"  
Leur disait, à la volette, (Repeat) Leur disait: "Restez!"

4. Mais les p'tits partirent, ils savaient voler,  
Ils savaient, à la volette, (Repeat) Ils savaient voler.
5. Au bois ils allèrent, riant des dangers,  
Riant des, à la volette, (Repeat) riant des dangers.
6. Le renard avid' les a tous mangés,  
Les a tous, à la volette, (Repeat) Les a tous mangés.
7. Et leur pauvre mère les a tous pleurés,  
Les a tous, à la volette, (Repeat) Les a tous pleurés.
8. Ainsi les rebelles sont toujours traités,  
Sont toujours, à la volette, (Repeat) Sont toujours traités.

NOTE

All of the songs heard on this record  
are published in the book, CHANTONS EN  
FRANÇAIS! (Book I) by the Neil A. Kjos  
Music Co.

The book appears in two editions:

The "Student's Book" contains the com-  
plete French text and the musical  
melody line for each song, with guitar  
and autoharp chords.

The "Teacher's Book" contains the com-  
plete French and English texts, the  
musical melody line to each song with  
guitar and autoharp chords, plus simple  
piano accompaniments to each song.

The books may be purchased from FOLKWAYS  
RECORDS, 117 W. 46th St., New York 36,  
NY, or from the publisher, Neil A. Kjos  
Music Co., Park Ridge, Illinois. In  
Canada, they may be purchased from  
FOLKWAYS RECORDS, 1437 Mackay St.,  
Montreal, P. Q., Canada.

- Near the fountain a mother bird sang.....  
Refrain: On the wing, a bird sang.
- The little ones wanted to leave the nest.....
- The poor mother cried: "Stay... stay!".....
- But the little ones, knowing how to fly, left..
- To the woods they went, laughing at dangers.
- The greedy fox ate all of them!.....
- The poor mother wept for them. ....
- That's what happens to those who don't mind.

SIDE 1, BAND 4: AH! VOUS DIRAI - JE, MAMAN  
(Ah! Shall I Tell You, Mama?)

Ah! vous dirai-je, maman,  
Ce qui cause mon tourment?  
Papa veut que je raisonne  
Comme une grande personne;  
Moi, je dis que les bonbons  
Valent mieux que la raison.

Ah! vous dirai-je, maman, Ce qui cause mon tourment,  
Papa veut que je retienne Des vers de la longue antienne,  
Moi je dis que les bonbons Valent mieux que les leçons.

- Ah! Shall I tell you the cause of my anguish, Mama?  
Papa wants me to have the mind of a grown-up,  
But I say that bon-bons are worth more than brains!
- Ah! Shall I tell you the cause of my torment, Mama?  
Papa wants me to remember the verses of an endless song,  
But I say that bon-bons are worth more than lessons!

SIDE 1, BAND 5: AINSI FONT, FONT, FONT  
(This Is What the Marionettes Do)

Ainsi font, font, font,  
Les petites marionnettes,  
Ainsi font, font, font,  
Trois p'tits tours et puis s'en vont.

2. Les poings aux côtés, Marionnettes, marionnettes,  
Les poings aux côtés, Marionnettes, sautez, sautez!

- This is what the little marionettes do:  
They turn around three times, and off they go.
- Fingers at sides (hands on hips), Marionnettes, jump, jump!

SIDE 1, BAND 6: VOICI L'HIVER BIENTÔT PASSÉ  
(Winter Soon Will Pass)

Voici l'hiver bientôt passé,  
Le doux printemps approche.  
Cette saison tant désirée  
Par nous et par les autres.

Winter soon will pass, soft springtime approaches,  
The season so long awaited by us and everyone else

SIDE 1, BAND 7: AU CLAIR DE LA LUNE  
(By the Light of the Moon )

Au clair de la lune, mon ami Pierrot,  
Prête-moi ta plume, pour écrire un mot;  
Ma chandelle est morte, je n'ai plus de feu;  
Ouvre-moi ta porte, pour l'amour de Dieu.

- 2. Au clair de la lune, Pierrot répondit:*  
"Je n'ai pas de plume, Je suis dans mon lit.  
Va chez la voisine, Je crois qu'elle y est;  
Car dans sa cuisine, On bat le briquet."

1. By the light of the moon, Pierrot, my friend,  
Lend me your pen to write a word or so.  
My candle's out, I have no more light;  
Open your door to me, for the love of God.

2. By the light of the moon Pierrot answered:  
"I have no pen, and I am in bed.  
Go to the neighbor's, I think she is there,  
Because in her kitchen someone is striking a light!"

SIDE 1, BAND 8: QUAND P'TIT JEAN REVINT DU BOIS  
(When Little John Returned from the Woods)

Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois,  
Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois,  
Trouva la tête de son âne,  
Que les loups avaient mangé.  
Tête! Tête! Pauvre tête!  
Tu ne port'ras plus de bride, Carionnette,  
Ni de brid', ni de bridon, Carionnons.

Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois (repeat)  
Trouva le dos de son âne que les loups avaient mangé.  
Dos! Dos! Pauvre dos! Pauvre dos!

Tu ne port'ras plus de selle, Carionnette,

Ni de sell', ni de sell'ron, Carionnons!

Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois (repeat)  
Trouva les patt's de son âne que les loups avaient mangées.

Patt's! Patt's! Pauvres patt's! Pauvres patt's!

Vous ne port'rez plus de fers, Carionnette,

Ni de fers, ni de ferons, Carionnons!

Quand p'tit Jean revint du bois (repeat)  
Trouva la queue de son âne que les loups avaient mangée.

Queue! Queue! Pauvre queue! Pauvre queue!

Tu ne tueras plus de mouches, Carionnette,

Ni de mouch's, ni de mouch'rons, Carionnons!

1. When little John came back from the woods and found his little donkey had been eaten by the wolves, he cried out:  
"Poor head! No more will you wear a bridle!"
2. "Poor back! No more will you bear a saddle!"
3. "Poor feet! No more will you be shod with iron!"
4. "Poor tail! No more will you kill flies."

SIDE 1, BAND 9: ENCORE UN CARREAU D'CASSÉ  
(Another Broken Windowpane)

Encore un carreau d'casé,  
V'là l'vitrier qui passé;  
Encore un carreau d'casé,  
V'là l'vitrier passé.  
V'là l'vitrier, V'là vitrier,  
V'là l'vitrier qui passé,  
V'là l'vitrier, V'là vitrier,  
V'là l'vitrier passé.

Another broken windowpane! There goes the glazier.  
Another broken windowpane! The glazier has passed by.  
There is the glazier, the glazier has passed by.

SIDE 1, BAND 10: PAPA, LES PETITS BATEAUX  
(Papa, the Little Boats)

Papa, les p'tits bateaux  
Qui vont sur l'eau, Outils des jambes?  
Mais oui, petit bête,  
S'ils n'en avaient pas, Ils ne march'raient pas!  
Va, quand tu seras grand, Tu sauras comment faire,  
Pour lutter vaillamment, Contre la mer et l'vent.

2. Maman, les p'tits bateaux  
Qui vont sur l'eau, Ont-ils un' tête?  
Mais oui, mon gros bête,  
S'ils n'en avaient pas, Ils n'voyageraient pas!  
Va, quand tu seras grand, Tu f'rás le tour du monde,  
Sur un vaisseau puissant, Marchant au command'ment.

3. Papa, les p'tits bateaux  
Qui vont sur l'eau, Ont-ils un' tête?  
Mais oui, mon gros bête,  
S'ils n'en avaient pas, Ils n'r'viendraient pas!  
Va, quand tu seras grand, Même du bout d la terre,  
Tu reviendras sûrement, Embrasser ta maman.

4. Papa, comm' les mat'lots  
Voguant sur l'eau, Loin de leur mère,  
Oui je r'viendrai sûrement,  
Et bien tendrement, j'embrass'rai maman.

1. Papa, do the little boats that sail on the water have legs?  
Why, yes, you silly! If they didn't have they couldn't go!  
Now, when you're grown up you'll know what to do  
To struggle valiantly with the sea and the wind.

2. Mama, do the little boats that sail on the water have a head?  
Of course, you silly! If they didn't have they couldn't travel!  
Now, when you're grown up, you'll sail around the world  
On a great big boat that will do as it's told.

3. Papa, do the little boats that sail on the water have a soul?  
Of course, you silly! If they didn't have they wouldn't come home!  
Now, when you are grown up, even from the end of the earth  
You'll surely come back to give mama a kiss.

4. Papa, like the sailors, sailing on the water,  
Far from their mothers.  
Yes, I'll surely come back to kiss mama tenderly.

SIDE 1, BAND 11: MONTER SUR UN ÉLÉPHANT  
(Mounted on an Elephant)

Monter sur un éléphant, c'est haut, c'est haut,  
Monter sur un éléphant, c'est haut, c'est effrayant!  
Monter sur deux éléphants, c'est haut, c'est haut,  
Monter sur deux éléphants, c'est haut, c'est effrayant!  
Monter sur trois éléphants, c'est haut, c'est haut,  
Monter sur trois éléphants, c'est haut, c'est effrayant!

1. Mounted on an elephant, it's high, it's frightening!
2. Mounted on two elephants . . .
3. Mounted on three elephants . . .

SIDE 2, BAND 1: SAVEZ-VOUS PLANTER LES CHOUX  
(Do You Know How to Plant Cabbages?)

- Savez-vous planter les choux, à la mode, à la mode?  
Savez-vous planter les choux, à la mode de chez nous?
2. On les plante avec la main, à la mode, à la mode,  
On les plante avec la main, à la mode de chez nous.
  3. On les plante avec le nez.....
  4. On les plante avec le g'nou.....
  5. On les plante avec le doigt.....

1. Do you know how we plant cabbages the way we do at home?
2. We plant them with the hand that's the way we plant them  
at home.
3. With the nose. 4. With the knee. 5. With the finger.

SIDE 2, BAND 2: LE COUCOU  
(The Cuckoo)

Dans la forêt lointaine, on entend le coucou,  
Du haut de son grand chêne il répond au hibou,  
Cocou, cocou, cocou, cocou, cocou.  
Dans la forêt lointaine, on entend le coucou,  
Du haut de son grand chêne, il répond au hibou.

In a forest far away, sits a cuckoo in a tree  
To a wise old owl he's singing his song so merrily.  
Cuckoo, cuckoo, cuckoo, cuckoo.

SIDE 2, BAND 3: ENTENDEZ-VOUS SUR L'ORMEAUX  
(Do You Hear the Little Bird?)

Entendez-vous sur l'ormeau  
Chanter le petit oiseau?  
Tra la la la la la, la la la la la,  
Tra la la, Tra la la.

Do you hear the little bird singing on the elm tree?

SIDE 2, BAND 4: PROM'NONS-NOUS DANS LES BOIS  
(Let Us Walk in the Woods)

Prom'nons-nous dans les bois pendant que le loup  
n'y est pas,  
Si le loup y était, il nous mange rait.  
Mais comme il n'y est pas il n'nous mang'ra pas.  
Loup y es tu?  
NON! Que fais-tu? Je mets ma culotte!  
Je mets mes lunettes!  
J'enfile mes bottes!

Let us walk in the woods--if the wolf is not there.  
If the wolf were there, he would eat us, but as he is not there,  
he will not eat us!

Wolf, are you there? NO!  
What are you doing? I am putting on my breeches!  
I am putting on my glasses.  
I am putting on my boots.

SIDE 2, BAND 5: SUR LE PONT D'AVIGNON  
(On the Bridge of Avignon)

Sur le pont d'Avignon,  
L'on y danse, l'on y danse,  
Sur le pont d'Avignon,  
L'on y danse tout en rond.  
Les beaux messieurs font comm' ça,  
Et puis encor' comm' ça.

2. Les belles dam's font comm' ça, Et puis encor' comm' ça.
3. Les musiciens font comm' ça, Et puis encor' comm' ça.
4. Les couturièr's font comm' ça, Et puis encor' comm' ça.
5. Les militair's font comm' ça, Et puis encor' comm' ça.

1. On the bridge of Avignon, there they dance around and round.  
Fine gentlemen do this way: then again go that way.
2. Beautiful ladies do this way . . . . .
3. Musicians go this way . . . . .
4. Dressmakers do this way . . . . .
5. Soldiers do this way . . . . .

SIDE 2, BAND 6: FAIS DO-DO  
(Go to Sleep)

Fais dodo, Colin, mon p'tit frère;  
Fais dodo, t'auras du lolo.  
Maman est en haut qui fait du gâteau,  
Papa est en bas qui fait du chocolat..

Go to sleep, Colin, my little brother, go to sleep,  
You shall have milk.  
Mama is upstairs baking a cake,  
Papa is downstairs making chocolate.

SIDE 2, BAND 7: LE PETIT PRINCE  
(The Little Prince)

Lundi matin, l'Emp'reur, sa femme et son  
p'tit prince,  
Sont v'nus chez moi pour ne serrer la pince;  
Mais comm' j'n'étais pas là, le petit prince a dit,  
"Vu'que c'est comm' ça, nous reviendrons mardi."

The second stanza begins with "Mardi matin," ending with "Mercr'di."

The third stanza starts with "Mercr'di matin" and ends with "Jeudi."

The fourth stanza begins with "Jeudi matin" and ends with "Vendredi."

The fifth stanza begins with "Vendredi matin" and ends with "Samedi."

The last stanza begins with "Sam'di matin." The last line changes and the Prince says, "Vu'que c'est comm' ca, nous ne reviendrons plus!"

Monday morning, the Emperor, his wife and his young Prince came to shake my b'ad, but I was not there. The Prince said: "We'll come back T' sday." They return on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. On Saturday the Prince said: "We'll not be back again!"

SIDE 2, BAND 8: LA POULETTE GRISE  
(The Grey Hen)

C'est la poulette grise, qui pond dans l'église,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco  
Pour son p'tit qui va fair' dodiche,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco  
Pour son p'tit qui va fair' dodo.  
Dodiche dodo.

C'est la poulette blanche qui pond dans les branches,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour Louis'\* qui va fair' dodiche,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour Louis' qui va fair' dodo.  
Dodiche dodo.

C'est la poulette noire qui pond dans l'armoire,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour -----\* qui va fair' dodiche,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour -----\* qui va fair' dodo.  
Dodiche dodo.

C'est la poulette brune qui pond dans la lune,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour -----\* qui va fair' dodiche,  
Ell' va pondre un petit coco Pour -----\* qui va fair' dodo.  
Dodiche dodo.

The name of any child in the group

1. There is a grey hen who lays eggs in the church,  
She will lay a small egg for her little one who goes to sleep.
2. There is a little white hen who lays eggs in the branches.  
She will lay a small egg for Louise who goes to sleep.
3. There is a little black hen who lays eggs in the cupboard....
4. There is a little brown hen that lays eggs in the moon!.....
7. Et maintenant, ell' pleure, Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
Et maintenant, ell' pleure, D'avoir tué chaton, ron, ron,  
D'avoir tué chaton.

SIDE 2, BAND 9: IL ÉTAIT UNE BERGÈRE  
(There Was a Shepherdess)

Il était un' bergère,  
Et ron ron petit patapon,  
Il était un' bergère,  
Qui gardait ses moutons, ron, ron,  
Qui gardait ses moutons.

2. Elle fit un fromage, Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
Elle fit un fromage, Du lait de ses moutons, ron, ron,  
Du lait de ses moutons.

3. Le chat qui la regarde, Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
Le chat qui la regarde, D'un petit air fripon, ron, ron,  
D'un petit air fripon.

4. "Si tu y mets la patte," Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
"Si tu y mets la patte, Tu auras du bâton," ron, ron,  
"Tu auras du bâton."

5. Il n'y mit pas la patte, Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
Il n'y mit pas la patte, Il y mit le menton, ron, ron,  
Il y mit le menton.

6. La bergère en colère, Et ron ron ron petit patapon,  
La bergère en colère, A tué son chaton, ron, ron,  
A tué son chaton.

1. There was a shepherdess who guarded her sheep.
2. She made a cheese from the sheep's milk.
3. Her cat watched her slyly.
4. "If you put your paw in that, I'll whack you with a stick!"
5. He didn't put his paw in--he stuck his chin in it!
6. The shepherdess was so angry she killed the cat,
7. And now she weeps to see what she has done.

SIDE 2, BAND 10: Y A UN RAT  
(There's a Rat)

Y a un rat dans l'grenier,  
J'entends le chat qui miaule,  
Y a un rat dans l'grenier,  
J'entends le chat qui miaule,  
J'entends, J'entends,  
J'entends le chat qui miaule,  
J'entends, J'entends,  
J'entends le chat miauler.

There's a rat in the barn, I hear the cat meowing.